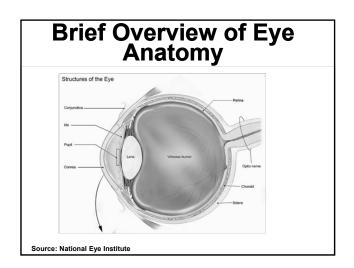
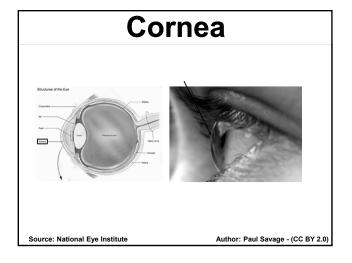
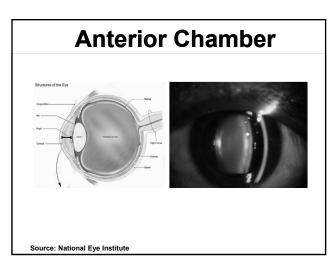
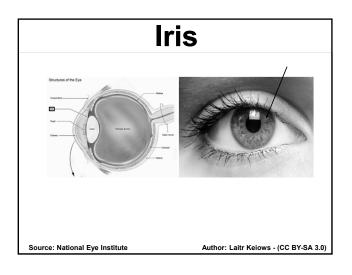
Common Eye Injuries

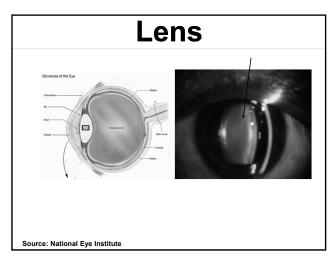
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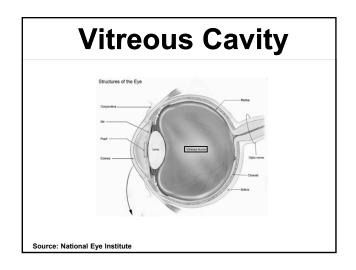


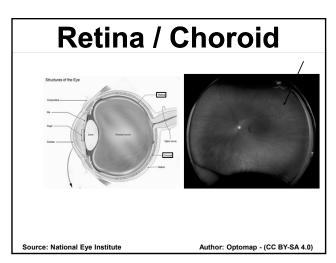


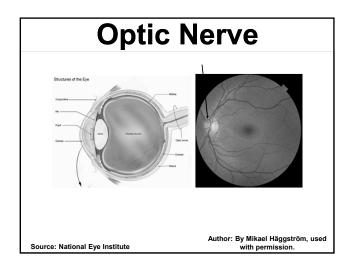


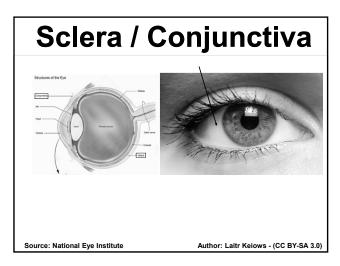












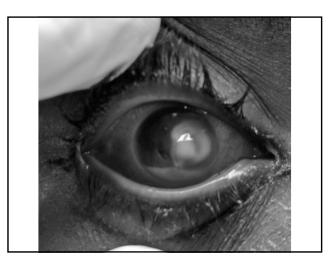
Common Eye Injuries

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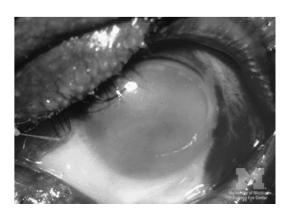
Corneal Abrasion

- Symptoms: sharp pain, photophobia, foreign body sensation, history of trauma
- Signs: epithelial defect that stains with fluorescein
- Treatment
 - -Antibiotic drops or ointment (e.g. erythromycin, bacitracin, polymyxin B/trimethoprim)
 - If contact lens wearer, consider fluoroquinolone drops
 - -No patching or anesthetic drops, no contact lens wear
- Follow-up: 1-5 days to ensure improvement or resolution



Corneal Ulcer

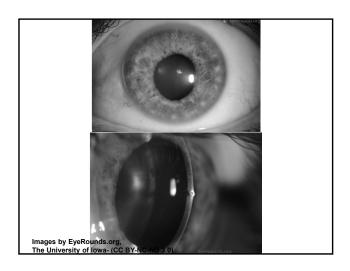
- Symptoms: redness, pain, photophobia, decreased vision, discharge
- Signs: white corneal infiltrate with overlying epithelial defect
- Treatment
 - -Bacterial: fluoroquinolone drops (e.g. ciprofloxacin or moxifloxacin) for low risk ulcers, fortified antibiotics for higher risk ulcers
 - -Cycloplegic drops
 - No patching or anesthetic drops, no contact lens wear
- · Refer immediately



Source: The University of Michigan - (CC BY 3.0 US)

Chemical Burn

- · Symptoms: redness, pain, photophobia, decreased vision, history of chemical injury
- · Signs: epithelial defect or corneal opacification, injection or blanching of conjunctival vessels, chemosis
- Treatment
 - -Immediate copious irrigation with saline or Ringer lactate solution until neutral pH is achieved
 - -Sweep conjunctival fornices, evert eyelids
 - -Antibiotic ointment and cycloplegic drops
- · Refer if vision is decreased



Corneal and Conjunctival Foreign Bodies

- · Symptoms: foreign body sensation, tearing
- · Signs: presence of foreign body, rust ring
- Treatment
 - -Remove superficial foreign bodies with irrigation, cotton-tipped applicator, fine forceps, or foreign body spud
 - -Treat similarly to corneal abrasion with antibiotic drops or ointment
- · Refer if foreign body is not superficial or unable to remove easily

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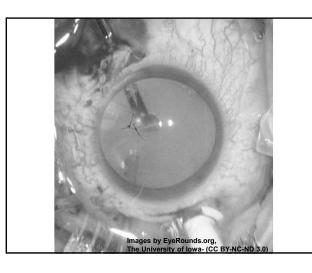
Conjunctival Laceration

- Symptoms: hx of trauma, mild pain, foreign body sensation, redness
- Signs: conjunctival defect with fluorescein uptake, exposed white sclera, subconjunctival hemorrhage
- Treatment
 - -Antibiotic ointment
 - -Large lacerations > 1.0 cm may require suturing
- Refer immediately rule out penetrating or perforating eye injury, intraocular foreign body



Corneal / Scleral Lacerations or Rupture aka "Open Globe"

- Symptoms: hx of trauma, pain, decreased vision, loss of fluid from the eye
- Signs: full thickness laceration, hemorrhagic chemosis, shallow or deep anterior chamber, peaked or irregular pupil
- Treatment
 - -Surgical repair in the operating room
 - -In the meantime: hard eye shield, NPO, pain and nausea control, IV access, systemic antibiotics, bedrest, tetanus prophylaxis
- · Refer immediately

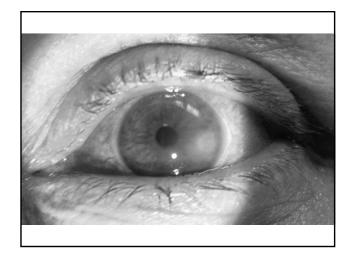


Intraocular Foreign Body

- Symptoms: may be similar to that of open globe, hx of sharp object entering eye or hammering metal
- Signs: may be similar to that of open globe, or entry site may not be readily apparent
- Treatment
 - -Acute IOFB: surgical removal
 - -Chronic IOFB: surgical removal if associated with inflammation
- · Refer immediately if acute

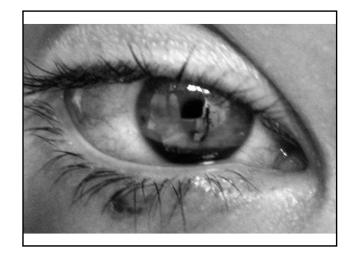
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Traumatic Iritis

- Symptoms: dull throbbing pain, photophobia, recent trauma
- Signs: white blood cells and flare in the anterior chamber, perilimbal injection
- Treatment
 - -Cycloplegic drops
 - -Cautious use of steroid drops
- Refer if no improvement in 2-3 days or associated with other injuries



Hyphema

- Symptoms: pain, decreased vision, history of blunt trauma
- · Signs: blood in the anterior chamber
- Treatment
 - -Bed rest, elevate head of bed, eye shield
 - -No blood thinners
 - -Cycloplegic drops
 - -Steroid drops
 - -IOP lowering drops as needed
- Refer immediately

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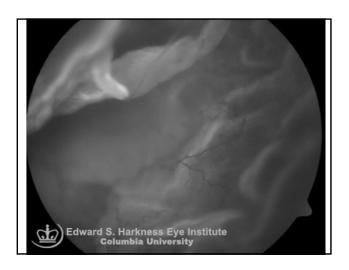
Orbital Fractures / Entrapment

- Symptoms: hx of trauma, periorbital swelling, double vision, pain with eye movement
- Signs: restricted extraocular motility, hypesthesia in distribution of infraorbital nerve, periorbital edema, enophthalmos, hypoglobus
- Treatment:
 - -CT orbits / face
 - -Considerations: oral antibiotics, corticosteroids, nasal decongestants, sinus precautions
 - -Immediate repair if muscle entrapment
 - -Delayed repair if persistent diplopia or large fracture
- Refer immediately rule out ocular injury, entrapment



Retrobulbar Hemorrhage

- Symptoms: hx of trauma, pain, decreased vision, inability to open eyelids
- Signs: proptosis, resistance to retropulsion, tense eyelids that are difficult to open, increased intraocular pressure, possible vision loss or afferent pupillary defect
- Treatment: urgent lateral canthotomy and cantholysis
- Refer immediately consider ED vs local ophthalmologist



Retinal Tears and Detachments

- Symptoms: flashes, floaters, may have decreased vision or a curtain/shadow in vision
- Signs: pigment in anterior vitreous, retinal tear/flap, elevation of retina by subretinal fluid
- Treatment
 - Laser retinopexy in acute symptomatic or traumatic break
 - -Surgical repair urgent if threatens the fovea, less urgently if macula is off
- Refer immediately